MTN-020 Data Communiqué #10

October 25, 2013



HIV and AE Reporting

- HIV acquisition (seroconversion) is not considered an AE for data collection or reporting purposes in ASPIRE as it is one of the study primary endpoints. Thus, "HIV Infection" <u>should not</u> be reported as an AE or written anywhere on an AE/GAE log CRF.
- However, as HIV acquisition is often symptomatic, a constellation of these accompanying symptoms may best be described as primary HIV infection illness.



Thus, if a participant seroconverts and develops one or more signs or symptoms of acute HIV-infection, it is appropriate to reports these sign(s)/symptom(s) as a single AE using **ONLY** the term "**seroconversion** illness" (Item 1 on AE/GAE-1 log CRF).

HIV and AE Reporting – AE/GAE Log CRF

Adverse Experience Log				
Adverse Experience (AE) Seroconversion illness Record diagnosis, if available. Include anatomical location, if applicable.				
2. Onset Date				
3. Severity Grade 1 (Mild) Grade 2 (Moderate) Grade 3 (Severe) Grade 4 (Potentially life-threatening) Grade 5 (Deat Grade 5)	<i>h)</i>			
4. Relationship to related not related Study Product Record rationale:				
5. Study Product no change held permanently discontinued N/A Administration				
6. Status/Outcome continuing 6a. Status/Outcome Date (Leave blank if Status/Outcome is 'continuing death severity/frequency increased (Report as a new AE.) continuing at end of study participation	ving.*)			
7. Treatment Mark "none" or all that apply. Report on Concomitant Medications Log. newl/prolonged hospitalization Comment: Comment:				
8. Is this an SAE according to ICH guidelines?				
Has/will this AE be reported as an EAE?				
). At which visit month was this AE first reported? Visit month required (regular or interim)				
. Was this AE a worsening of a pre-existing condition? yes no				
Comments:				

Report sign(s)/symptom(s) of acute HIV infection as a unifying diagnosis of "seroconversion illness" in Item 1.

On the rationale line for Item 4, record "acute HIV". To avoid a QC, ensure that the term 'acute' is always included.

Describe each HIV-related sign/symptom in the Comments Section.



HIV and AE Reporting - AE/GAE Log CRF

 Complete other items on AE-1/GAE-1 log CRF per the general form instructions

Adverse Experience Log				
Adverse Experience (AE) Seroconversion illness Record diagnosis, if available. Include anatomical location, if applicable.				
2. Onset Date				
3. Severity Grade 1 (Mild) Grade 2 (Moderate) Grade 3 (Severe) Grade 4 (Potentially life-threatening) Grade 5 (Death) Grade				
4. Relationship to related not related Study Product				
Study Product no change held permanently discontinued N/A Administration				
6. Status/Outcome continuing 6a. Status/Outcome Date (Leave blank if Status/Outcome is "continuing.") resolved death severity/frequency increased (Report as a new AE.) continuing at end of study participation				
7. Treatment Mark 'none' or all that apply. Report on Concomitant Medications Log. newlyrolonged hospitalization Comment:				
3. Is this an SAE according to ICH guidelines?				
9. Has/will this AE be reported as an EAE?				
10. At which visit month was this AE first reported? Visit month required (regular or interim)				
11. Was this AE a worsening of a pre-existing condition?				
Comments:				

"Onset Date" - date on which the participant first reported experiencing the first sign/symptom of acute HIV-infection

"Severity Grade" - if there is more than one sign/symptom, record the highest severity grade in item 3.



HIV and AE Reporting - AE/GAE Log CRF

Adv	Adverse Experience Log				
1.	Adverse Experience (AE) Seroconversion illness Record diagnosis, if available, Include anatomical location, if applicable. Record diagnosis, if available anatomical location, if applicable.				
2. 3.	Onset Date Onset				
4.	Relationship to Study Product Resort Record rationale: Accurate HIV				
5.	Study Product no change held permanently discontinued N/A Administration				
6.	Status/Outcome continuing 6a. Status/Out one cate (Leave blank if Status/Outcome is "continuing.") resolved				
7.	Treatment Mark 'none' or all that apply. Incomplete				
8.	Is this an SAE according to ICH guidelines?				
9. Has/will this AE be reported as an EAE?					
10.	10. At which visit month was this AE first reported? Visit month required (regular or interim)				
11. Was this AE a worsening of a pre-existing condition?					
Comn	ments:				

"Status/Outcome" - AE resolved when all of the associated signs/symptoms have resolved or returned to baseline and any medications taken for the symptoms are no longer indicated.

"Treatment" – In item 7, mark any medications indicated and taken for the associated symptoms, if applicable, and report on CM-1.

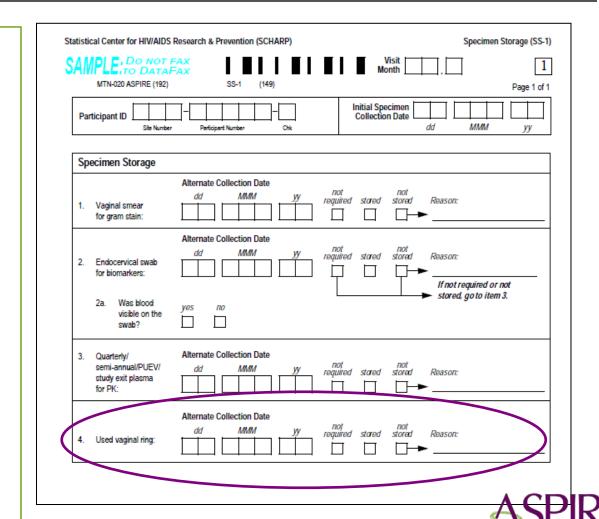


HIV and AE Reporting - AE/GAE Log CRF

- If one or more signs/symptoms that have been reported on separate AE/GAE Log CRFs are later attributed to acute HIVinfection, change the earliest reported sign/symptom log page to the 'seroconversion illness' unifying diagnosis and list any other signs/symptoms in the comments section of this AE/GAE Log page.
- Mark any AE/GAE Log pages for the other signs/symptoms for deletion and write at the top of the page "Delete due to diagnosis on AE Log page (insert page #)."
- This new reporting guidance is considered in effect for all new AEs reported after the date of Data Communiqué #10. It is not necessary to review or modify previously reported AEs to comply with this new guidance.

Specimen Storage (SS-1) CRF now required at Monthly Visits

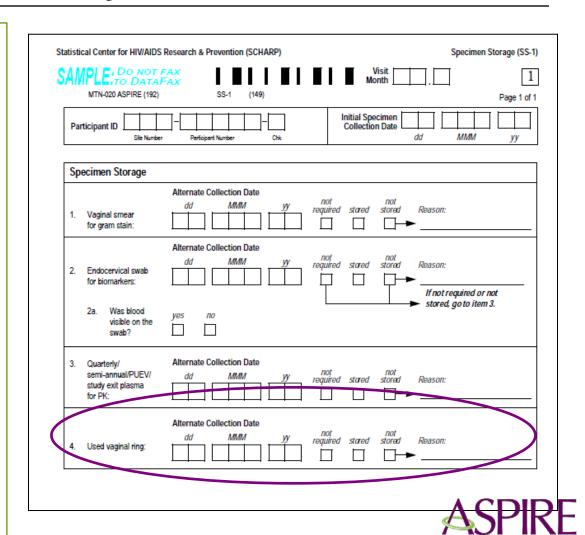
- Item 4 should be marked 'stored' at each scheduled monthly visit for all participants on study product
- For participants on temporary product holds or who are permanently discontinued, mark 'not required' for this item.



A Study to Prevent Infection with a Ring for Extended Use

Specimen Storage (SS-1) CRF now required at Monthly Visits

- If the ring was required to be stored, but was not collected and/or stored, mark 'not stored' and provide the reason on the adjacent line.
- Possible reasons the ring was not stored include:
 - Participant lost the ring
 - Participant forgot to return ring
 - Participant declined ring at last visit
 - Ring was recently inserted at Interim Visit and she did not get a new ring at current visit
 - Any other reason ring was not available for storage



A Study to Prevent Infection with a Ring for Extended Use

Concomitant Medications – Coding Queries

- Household products should not be reported as concomitant medications on the CM-1 Log CRF.
 - Examples include cleaners/solvents/Coca-Cola used for at-home douching, saline sitz baths, or saline gargles.

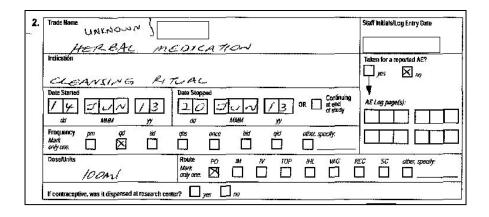
Concomitant Medications Log Trade Name Solvine gargles	For example,
Invitorition Sofeth roat Date Started Dat	saline gargles do not need to be reported on CM-1.
Frequency pm and tid give ance bild gid offiner, specify: Adapta	ASPIF

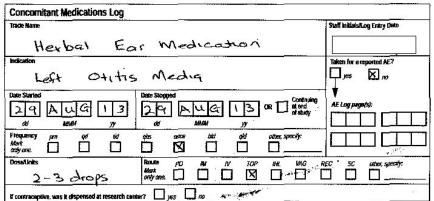
with a Ring for Extended Use

Concomitant Medications – Coding Queries

 Traditional herbal medicine should be reported as concomitant medications. If a medication includes more than one herb, list each herb separately on the CM-1 Log CRF.

Examples:



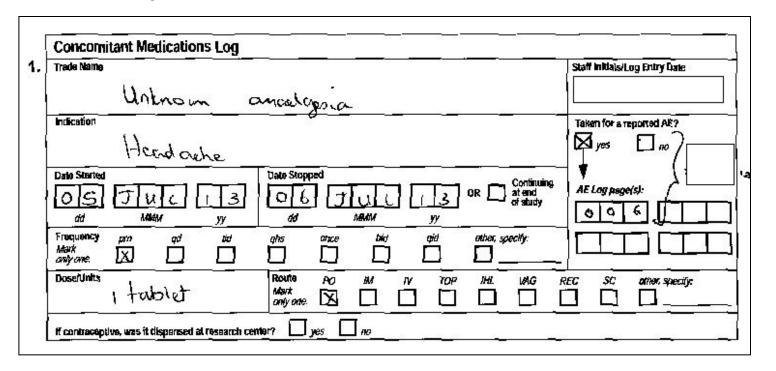




Concomitant Medications – Coding Queries

If a medication's trade or generic name is unknown, record 'unknown', and a description or drug class.

For example:





Questions?

 Please contact Jen Berthiaume and Karen Patterson with any questions you have about this slide presentation or the Data Communiqué.

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